

A dynamic, high-speed photograph of water splashing upwards, creating numerous droplets and bubbles. The water is a deep blue color, and the background is a lighter, hazy blue. The overall effect is one of movement and freshness.

MT ROSE

WQCCR-00122

H₂O '03

2003 Water Quality Report
Washoe County Department of Water Resources

Constituents		Maximum Contaminant Level	Maximum Contaminant Level Goal	Mt. Rose Well #2	Mt. Rose Well #3	Mt. Rose Well #5	Mt. Rose Well #6	St. James Well #1	St. James Well #2	Timberline Well
	Units									
Primary Standards:										
Antimony	ug/L	6	6	2	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Arsenic	ug/L	50	0	<3	<3	<3	<3	<3	<3	<3
Asbestos	mfl	7	0	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not Detected	Not detected
Barium	mg/L	2	2	0.08	0.04	0.07	0.07	0.10	0.09	0.11
Beryllium	ug/L	4	4	<2	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Cadmium	ug/L	5	5	<2	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Chromium	ug/L	100	100	<2	<5	2	3	<5	<5	<5
Cyanide	ug/L	200	200	<5	<5	<1	<5	<5	<5	<1
Fluoride	mg/L	4	4	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.07	0.03	0.03	0.06
Mercury	ug/L	2	2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Nickel	ug/L	100	100	<2	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<5
Nitrate (as N)	mg/L	10	10	5.9*	7.8*	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.4
Nitrite (as N)	mg/L	1	1	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
Selenium	ug/L	50	50	<2	<1	2	<1	<1	<1	<1
Thallium	ug/L	2	0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Secondary Standards:										
Chloride	mg/L	400	250	20	2	1	1	2	2	8
Color	CU	15	15	3	3	3	3	5	3	3
Copper	mg/L	1	1	0.01	0.01	0	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01
Fluoride	mg/L	2	2	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.07	0.03	0.03	0.06
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	mg/L	0.5	0.5	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Iron	mg/L	0.6	0.3	0.39	0.01	0	0.02	0.25	0.01	0.02
Magnesium	mg/L	150	125	11	8	9	10	12	11	22
Manganese	mg/L	0.1	0.05	0.01	0	0	0	0.01	0	0
pH		6.5 to 8.5	6.5 to 8.5	7.3	7.7	7.6	7.8	7.6	7.7	7.8
Sulfate	mg/L	500	250	3	1	1	2	2	1	5
Zinc	mg/L	5	5	0.02	0.04	0.03	0.01	0.15	0.10	0.08
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	1000	500	208	135	155	178	168	165	226
Additional Constituents										
Lead	ug/L	15	0	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Hardness	mg/L	No Standard	No Standard	100	68	80	88	94	90	163
Calcium	mg/L	No Standard	No Standard	22	14	17	17	18	18	29
Potassium	mg/L	No Standard	No Standard	4	4	5	6	5	4	5
Sodium	mg/L	No Standard	No Standard	10	7	9	13	12	10	13
Silica	mg/L	No Standard	No Standard	59	63	63	62	69	69	60
Radioactivity (pCi/L)										
Gross Alpha		15	0	<3	<3	3	<3	4	<3	4
Gross Beta		50	0	5	4	3	6	6	4	6
Radon		No Standard	0	990	1100	960	340	490	360	560
Microbiology										
Total Coliform		1 positive sample/month	Zero positive samples	Coliform was not detected in the water supply				Coliform was not detected	Coliform was not detected	
Leachable Lead and Copper		Action Levels		90th Percentile Concentrations						
Lead	ug/L	15		4				3		<2
Copper	mg/L	1.3		0.87				0.97		0.56
(Samples collected from throughout the system)										

How To Read This Water Quality Chart

The far left column, titled Constituents, lists the naturally occurring and man-made inorganic contaminants that are monitored by the Washoe County Department of Water Resources, according to U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) standards. The Primary Inorganic Standards are monitored to ensure the water is safe to drink, and the Secondary Inorganic Standards are monitored to ensure the water is aesthetically pleasing.

The second column, titled Maximum Containment Level (MCL), is the highest level of a contaminant allowed in drinking water defined by the EPA. The third column, titled Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG), is the level of a contaminant in drinking water in which there is no known or expected risk to health defined by the EPA. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

The subsequent columns show what contaminant level, if any, was contained in the indicated water sources. In most cases, your water comes from a blending of these supplies. The map lists all the sources supplying a specific water system.

Things to Know About Your H2O

All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants in drinking water does not necessarily indicate that the drinking water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer, undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk for infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on the appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium are available from the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Nitrate Levels*

Nitrate in drinking water at levels above 10 ppm is a health risk for infants of less than six months of age. High nitrate levels in drinking water can cause blue baby syndrome. Nitrate levels may rise quickly for short periods of time because of rainfall or agricultural activity. If you are caring for an infant you should ask advice from your health care provider.

Lead and Copper

The Washoe County Department of Water Resources has completed monitoring in compliance with the Lead and Copper Rule. According to the Lead and Copper Rule the 90th percentile lead and copper concentrations are not to exceed action levels of 15 ug/L for Lead and 1.3 mg/L for Copper. Please refer to the table for the most recent Lead and Copper results. If you would like more information regarding the Rule or would like to participate in future sampling please contact our office.

Glossary Of Terms

In this report you may find terms or abbreviations you may not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we have provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Color Units (CU) - is the standard unit of measure for water color.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - is the highest level of a contaminant allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - is the level of a contaminant in drinking water in which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Micrograms per liter (ug/L) - one microgram per liter corresponds to one penny in \$10,000,000 (same as parts per billion or PPB).

Milligrams per liter (mg/L) - one milligram per liter corresponds to one penny in \$10,000 (same as parts per million or PPM).

Million fibers per liter (mfl) - is a measure of the presence of asbestos fibers that are longer than 10 micrometers.

pH - pH is a measure of acidity. A pH value of less than 7 is acidic, values greater than 7 are alkaline.

Picocuries per liter (pCi/L) - is a measure of water radioactivity.

The symbol "<" - means less than

Why we test the water.

The Washoe County Department of Water Resources (DWR) is known as "the water place" because it is a leader in providing integrated water resource services. These services are critical to the region's quality of life. They include utility services (water, sewer, and reclaimed water) and water resource planning services (flood management, remediation of contaminated groundwater, and development of water resource plans).

The DWR is committed to be the leader in the provision of integrated water resource services to our community. Our mission is to provide quality product and service to our community through teamwork, accountability and professionalism.

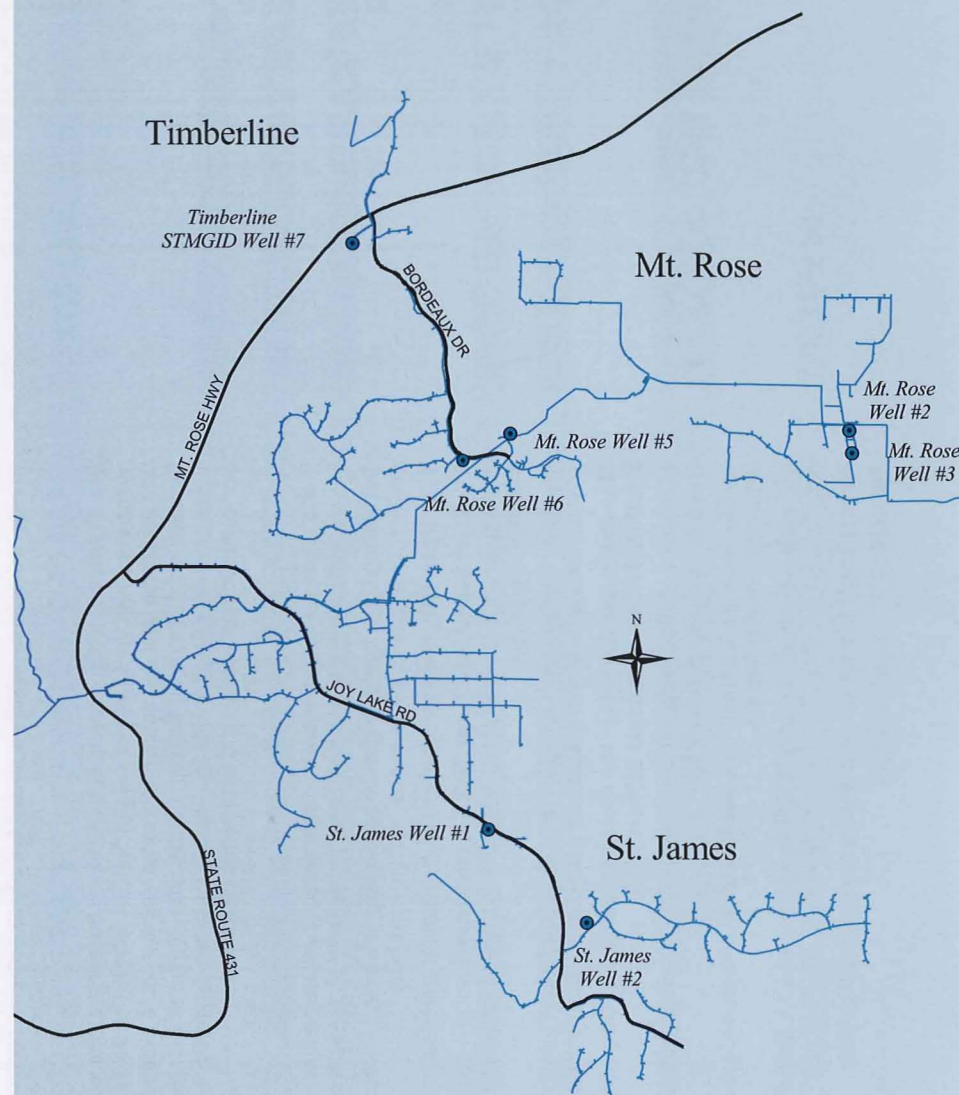
Regular testing of water resources is one way we fulfill that mission. This report provides water chemistry data for the period of July 1, 2002 to June 30, 2003.

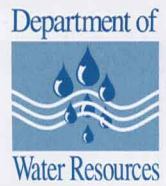
The Department also manages a comprehensive methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) monitoring program. MTBE, a fuel additive, has not been detected in any of the Department of Water Resources' wells.

The Department of Water Resources has conducted source water assessments for each well. This source water assessment identifies the origins of contaminants within the service area and indicates the susceptibility of the water system to such contaminants. If you are aware of any source of contamination located near the wells, please contact our water quality section. Source water assessment information is available from our office upon request.

To contact the Washoe County Department of Water Resources, call 954-4600 or visit www.co.washoe.nv.us/water_dept/.

Well Map





Washoe County Department of Water Resources
4930 Energy Way, Reno, Nevada 89502

