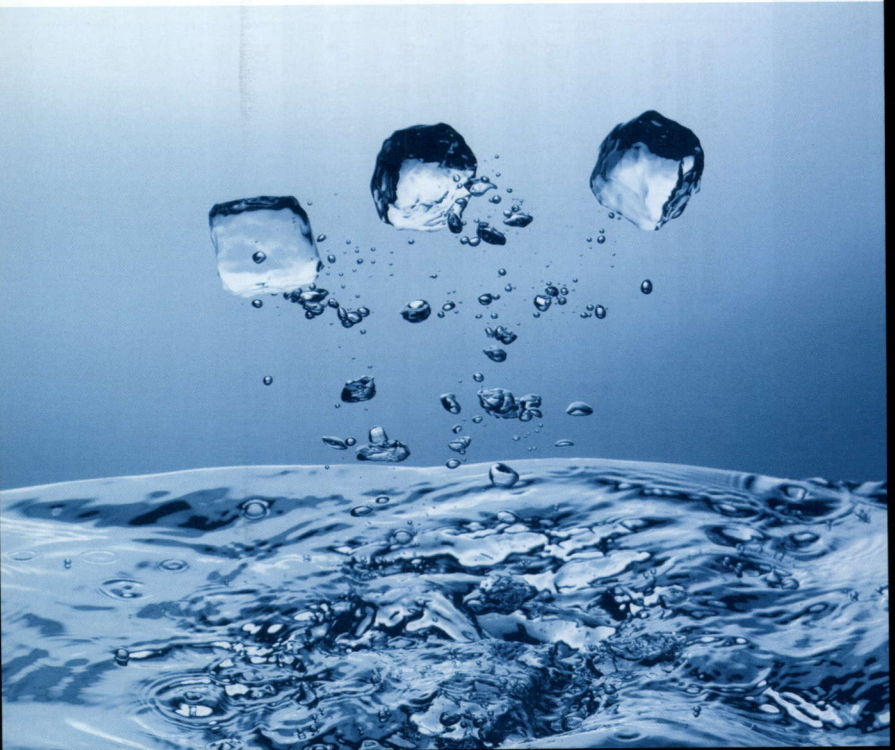


STAMPMILL

WQCCR-00048

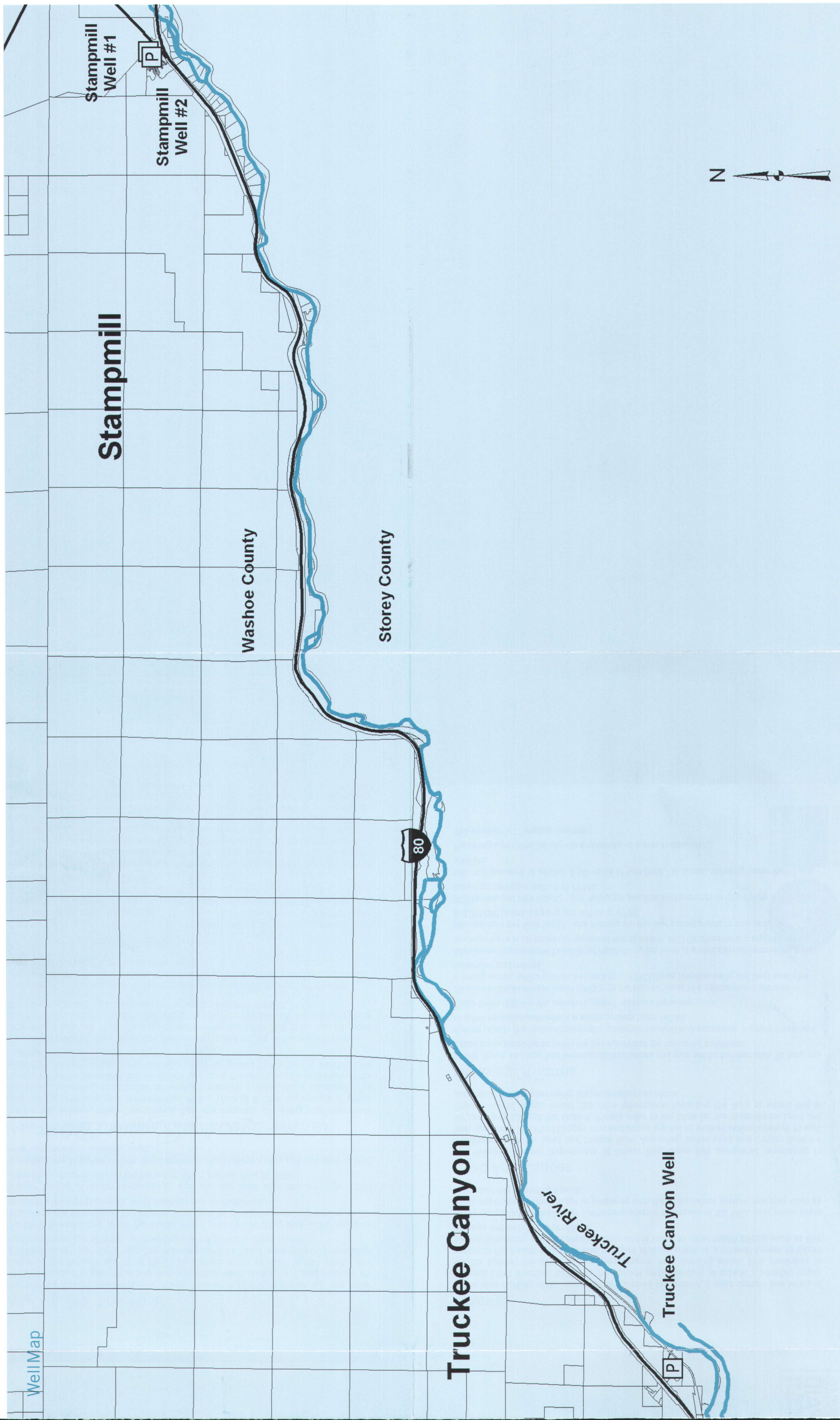
Washoe County Department of Water Resources

*-Water Quality Report 2004-*



Constituents		Maximum Contaminant Level	Maximum Contaminant Level Goal	Stampmill East Well #1	Stampmill West Well #2	Truckee Canyon (treated)
	Units					
Primary Standards						
Antimony	ug/L	6	6	<1	<1	<1
Arsenic	ug/L	50	N/A	3	<3	21
Barium	mg/L	2	2	0.07	0.07	0.03
Beryllium	ug/L	4	4	<1	<1	<1
Cadmium	ug/L	5	5	<1	<1	<1
Chromium	ug/L	100	100	<5	<5	1
Cyanide	ug/L	200	200	<5	<5	<10
Fluoride	mg/L	4	4	0.07	0.06	0.13
Mercury	ug/L	2	2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Nickel	ug/L	100	100	<1	<1	1
Nitrate (as N)	mg/L	10	10	3.4	2.9	0.1
Nitrite (as N)	mg/L	1	1	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
Selenium	ug/L	50	50	2	1	1
Thallium	ug/L	2	0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Secondary Standards						
Chloride	mg/L	400	250	38	31	16
Color	CU	15	15	3	3	3
Copper	mg/L	1	1	0.01	0.01	0.23
Fluoride	mg/L	2	2	0.07	0.06	0.13
Foaming Agents (MBAS)	mg/L	0.5	0.5	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Iron	mg/L	0.6	0.3	0.02	0.07	0.11
Magnesium	mg/L	150	125	21	22	44
Manganese	mg/L	0.1	0.05	0	0	0
pH		6.5 to 8.5	6.5 to 8.5	8.0	8.0	7.8
Sulfate	mg/L	500	250	81	70	260
Zinc	mg/L	5	5	0.01	0.02	0.12
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	1000	500	368	340	564
Additional Constituents						
Lead	ug/L	15	0	<5	<5	<5
Hardness	mg/L	No Standard	No Standard	214	221	299
Calcium	mg/L	No Standard	No Standard	51	52	47
Potassium	mg/L	No Standard	No Standard	6	6	11
Sodium	mg/L	No Standard	No Standard	39	30	58
Silica	mg/L	No Standard	No Standard	37	35	74
Radioactivity (pCi/L)						
Gross Alpha Emitters	pCi/L	15	0	6	5	--
Gross Beta/Photon Emitters	pCi/L	50	0	6	6	--
Radon	pCi/L	No Standard	0	975	995	--
Microbiology						
Total Coliform		1 positive sample/month	Zero positive samples	Coliform was not detected		Coliform was not detected
Leachable Lead and Copper		Action Levels		90th Percentile		
Lead	ug/L	15		<2		--
Copper	mg/L	1.3		0.17		--





**Stampmill**

Washoe County

Storey County

**Truckee Canyon**

Truckee River

Stampmill Well #1

Stampmill Well #2

Truckee Canyon Well

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## Nevada Source Water Assessment Program Summary Sheet

State of Nevada Department of Human Resources - Health Division  
Bureau of Health Protection Services

Summary Date: 04/16/2004 Assessor: State

The federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) was amended in 1996 to require states to develop and implement source water assessment programs (SWAP) to analyze existing and potential threats to the quality of public drinking water throughout the state. The 1996 Amendments also required a summary of the findings of the assessment to be included in the water system's annual Consumer Confidence Report (CCR). The 1996 Amendments specifically required states to delineate areas that are sources of public drinking water, identify potential contamination sources within the delineated area, assess the water system's susceptibility to contamination, and to inform the public of the results. These results are summarized below.

### Water System Contact Information

Water System: <b>STAMPMILL ESTATES</b>	County: Washoe
System ID Number: 801	Connections: 41
Owner: Washoe County	Address: 4930 Energy Way, Reno, NV 89502
	Telephone: (775) 954-4600
	Fax: (775) 954-4610
Operator: Washoe County	Address: 4930 Energy Way, Reno, NV 89502
	Population: 103

### Federal and State Water Quality Standards Compliance

- ☒ If filled in, the above referenced water systems are in compliance with all State of Nevada and federal water quality standards.

THE **STAMPMILL ESTATES PUBLIC WATER SYSTEM** UTILIZES TWO WELLS NORTH OF THE I-80 WADSWORTH INTERCHANGE AND IS OPERATED BY WASHOE COUNTY UTILITIES. THE WATER SYSTEM MAINTAINS A STAFF OF WELL-TRAINED PROFESSIONALS WHO OPERATE AND MAINTAIN THE SYSTEM.

### Water System Contamination Vulnerability

- ☒ If filled in, the above referenced water systems are considered to have low vulnerability potential from contamination.

The above referenced water system is considered potentially vulnerable to the following contaminant groups:

Volatile Organic Compounds ☐ Inorganic Compounds ☐ Microbiological ☐  
Synthetic Organic Compounds ☐ Radionuclides ☐

Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) are typically associated with gas stations and dry cleaners; Synthetic Organic Compounds (SOC) are typically associated with herbicides and insecticides; Inorganic Compounds (IOC) are typically associated with natural deposits, fertilizers, and septic systems; microbiological contaminants are typically associated with lakes, streams, and animal holding facilities; and radionuclides are typically associated with erosion of natural deposits and industrial activities.

The water system is considered vulnerable to the activities/sources associated with the contaminant groups checked in the boxes above for the following reasons:

AT THE TIME OF THE ASSESSMENT THERE WERE NO IDENTIFIED SOURCES OF POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION TO THE AQUIFER PROVIDING THE WATER TO THE WATER SYSTEM, OR THE SOURCES OF POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION WERE DETERMINED TO POSE A LOW POTENTIAL TO CONTAMINATE THE DRINKING WATER SYSTEM.

A copy of the complete source water assessment is available for viewing at the Bureau of Health Protection Services (BHPS) Carson City office between the hours of 8:00 AM and 5:00 PM, Monday through Friday. It is suggested that an appointment be made if you are interested in viewing a report. The BHPS office is located at 1179 Fairview Drive, Suite 101, Carson City, Nevada 89701-5405. Telephone 1-775-687-4754 Toll Free 1-800-992-0900.



## Why We Test The Water

The Washoe County Department of Water Resources (DWR) is known as "the water place" because it is a leader in providing integrated water resources. These services are critical to the region's quality of life. They include utility services (water, sewer, and reclaimed water) and water resource planning services (flood management, remediation of contaminated groundwater, and development of water resource plans).

The DWR is committed to be the leader in the provision of integrated water resource services to our community. Our mission is to provide quality product and service to our community through teamwork, accountability and professionalism.

Regular testing of water resources is one way we fulfill that mission. This report summarizes water quality for the period of July 1, 2003 to June 30, 2004.

To contact the Washoe County Department of Water Resources, call 954-4600 or visit [www.co.washoe.nv.us/water\\_dept/](http://www.co.washoe.nv.us/water_dept/).

## How To Read The Water Quality Chart

The far left column, titled Constituents, lists the naturally occurring and man-made inorganic contaminants that are monitored by the Washoe County Department of Water Resources, according to U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) standards. The Primary Inorganic Standards are monitored to ensure the water is safe to drink, and the Secondary Inorganic Standards are monitored to ensure the water is aesthetically pleasing.

The second column, titled Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL), is the highest level of a contaminant allowed in drinking water defined by the EPA. The third column, titled Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG), is the level of a contaminant in drinking water in which there is no known or expected risk to health defined by the EPA.

The remaining columns show what contaminant level, if any, was contained in the water sources. In most cases, your water comes from a blending of these supplies. The map lists all the sources supplying a specific water system.

## Things to Know About Your H2O

All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants in drinking water does not necessarily indicate that the drinking water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer, undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk for infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on the appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium are available from the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

## Arsenic

While your drinking water meets EPA's standard for arsenic, it does contain low levels of arsenic. EPA's standard balances the current understanding of arsenic's possible health effects against the costs of removing arsenic from drinking water. EPA continues to research the health effects of low levels of arsenic which is a mineral known to cause cancer in humans at high concentrations and is linked to other health effects such as skin damage and circulatory problems.

Some people who drink water containing arsenic in excess of the MCL over many years could experience skin damage or problems with their circulatory system, and may have an increased risk of getting cancer.

## Lead And Copper

The Washoe County Department of Water Resources has completed monitoring in compliance with the Lead and Copper Rule. According to the Lead and Copper Rule the 90th percentile Lead and Copper concentrations are not to exceed action levels of 15 ug/L for Lead and 1.3 mg/L for Copper. Please refer to the table for the most recent Lead and Copper results. If you would like more information regarding the Rule or would like to participate in future sampling, please contact our office.

## Glossary Of Terms

In this report you may find terms or abbreviations you may not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we have provided the following definitions:

**Action Level** - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

**Color Units (CU)** - is the standard unit of measure for water color.

**Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)** - is the highest level of a contaminant allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

**Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG)** - is the level of a contaminant in drinking water in which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

**Micrograms per liter (ug/L)** - one microgram per liter corresponds to one penny in \$10,000,000 (same as parts per billion or PPB).

**Milligrams per liter (mg/L)** - one milligram per liter corresponds to one penny in \$10,000 (same as parts per million or PPM).

**pH** - is a measure of acidity. A pH value of less than 7 is acidic, values greater than 7 are alkaline.

**Picocuries per liter (pCi/L)** - is a measure of water radioactivity.

The symbol "<" - means less than.